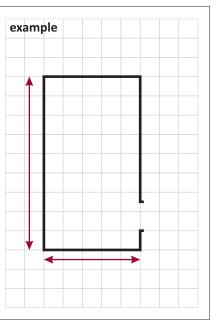
#### 1. A STRAIGHT ROOM

Rectangular rooms are easy. Simply measure the width and length of the room, always remembering to measure into doorways, alcoves and recesses.

Simply sketch your rectangular room and fill in the dimensions here. Note down subfloor type and condition.

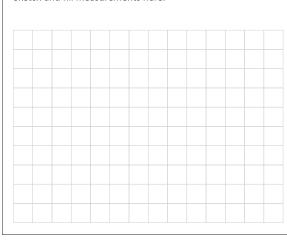


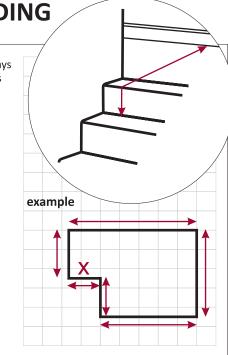


# 3. HALL, STAIRS AND LANDING a) Landing

Remember to measure over the top step and into doorways and recesses. Mark the position of your stairs with a cross as shown in the example.

Sketch and fill measurements here.



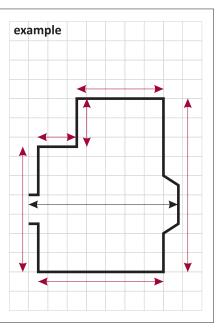


#### 2. ODD SHAPED ROOMS

Odd shaped rooms are just as easy to measure as rectangular rooms, but you will need to take more measurements.

Sketch and fill in measurements here. Note down subfloor type and condition.

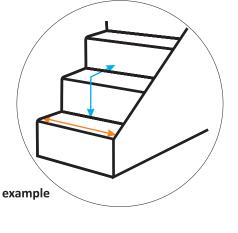




## 3. b) STAIRS

Measure the stair width

There is no need to measure the length of the stairs, simply fill in the boxes below. This is all you need for a simple staircase. However if your staircase has a half landing, a bullnose or winders simply follow steps c, d and e.

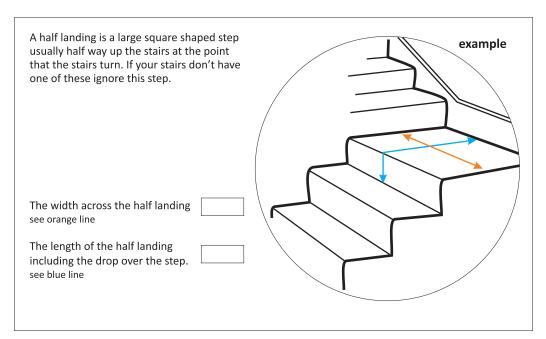


e number of sta	iirs			ıΑ	า av	erage	sta	airc	ase	has	13	stairs
_			Ē									

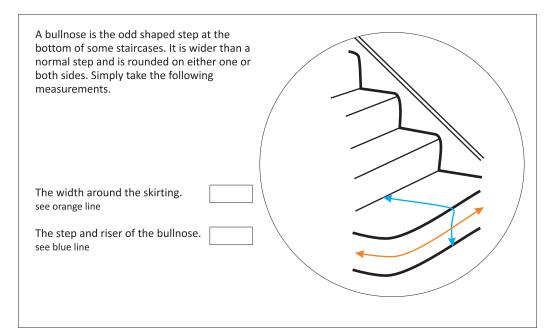
This will probably be slightly under 1'6" (45cm) see blue line Measure the tread and riser

This will probably be between 2' 6" - 3' (76cm x 93cm) see orange line

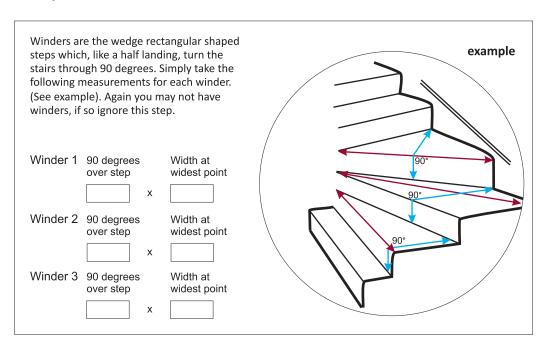
## 3. c) Half Landings



## 3. e) The Bullnose



## 3. d) Winder



# 3. f) The Hall

